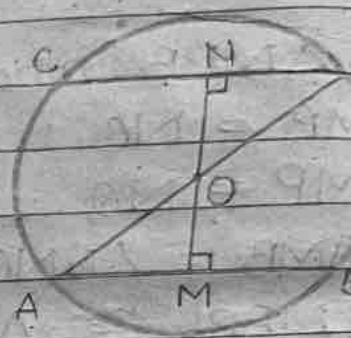


CD (equal dist from



(20a) In $\triangle OMA$ and $\triangle OND$

$$\angle OMA = \angle ONA = 90^\circ$$

$$OA = OD \text{ (radius of circle)}$$

$$\angle AOM = \angle DON$$

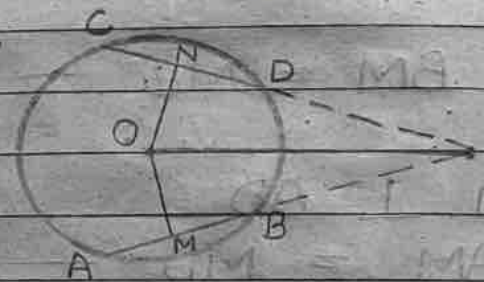
$$\triangle OMA \cong \triangle OND \text{ (AAS rule of congruency)}$$

$$OM = ON$$

$\therefore AB = CD$ (equal dist from the centre = equal chords)

b) $AB = CD$

$$OM = ON$$



In $\triangle OME$ and $\triangle ONE$

$$\angle OME = \angle ONE = 90^\circ$$

$$OM = ON$$

$$OE = OE$$

$$\triangle OME \cong \triangle ONE \text{ (R.H.S rule of congruency)}$$

$$\therefore ME = NE \text{ — (i)}$$

$$AM = MB, CN = ND \text{ — (ii)}$$

$$AM = CN, MB = ND \text{ — (iii)}$$

$$ME - MB = NE - ND$$

$$BE = DE \text{ — ans.}$$

$$AB = CD$$

$$AB + BE = CD + DE$$

$$AE = CE \quad \text{ans.}$$

15/01

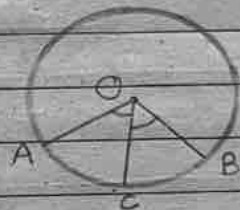
Exercise 15.2

- (1) $\widehat{APB} = \widehat{CQD}$ (given)
 $\therefore AB = CD$ (chords are equal if arcs are congruent)

$$\therefore \text{ratio of } AB \text{ and } CD \Rightarrow \frac{AB}{CD} = \frac{AB}{AB} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{AB : CD = 1 : 1} \quad \text{ans}$$

- (2) OC bisects $\angle AOB$.
 $\angle AOC = \angle BOC$
 $\therefore \widehat{AC} = \widehat{BC}$

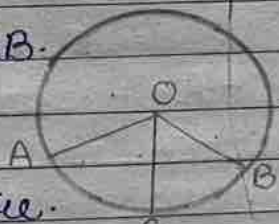


$\therefore$ equal arcs of a circle subtend equal $\angle$ s at the centre.

- (3) C is the mid-point of the arc AB.
 $\widehat{AC} = \widehat{BC}$

$$\therefore \angle AOC = \angle BOC$$

$\therefore$ equal arcs subtend equal $\angle$ s at the centre.
 $\therefore$ OC bisects $\angle AOB$.



- (4) $AB = CD$

minor $\widehat{AB} = \text{minor } \widehat{CD}$
 subtracting $\widehat{BD}$ from both side,

$$\widehat{AB} - \widehat{BD} = \widehat{CD} - \widehat{BD}$$

$$\text{arc } AD = \text{arc } CB \quad \text{proved!}$$

