

# Real Numbers - Complete Chapter Notes

This PDF contains:

- Important notes and concepts

- Definitions and formulas
- Solved important questions
- Exercise answers and key points
- Exam revision notes

## 1. Important Notes

- Every composite number can be expressed as a product of prime numbers.
- This factorisation is unique except for the order of primes.
- HCF = Product of smallest powers of common prime factors.
- LCM = Product of greatest powers of all prime factors.
- For two numbers:  $\text{HCF} \times \text{LCM} = \text{Product of numbers}$ .
- $\sqrt{2}$ ,  $\sqrt{3}$ ,  $\sqrt{5}$  are irrational numbers.
- A rational + irrational number is irrational.
- A non-zero rational  $\times$  irrational number is irrational.

## 2. Important Formulas

Concept	Formula
HCF $\times$ LCM	$\text{HCF}(a,b) \times \text{LCM}(a,b) = a \times b$
Prime Factorisation	Every composite number = product of primes
LCM	Product of greatest powers of prime factors
HCF	Product of smallest powers of common factors

## 3. Important Solved Questions

**Q1. Find HCF and LCM of 6 and 20.**

$$6 = 2 \times 3$$

$$20 = 2^2 \times 5$$

$$\text{HCF} = 2$$

$$\text{LCM} = 2^2 \times 3 \times 5 = 60$$

**Q2. Why can  $4^n$  never end with digit 0?**

$4^n = 2^{2n}$ . It contains only factor 2 and not factor 5. Therefore it cannot end with 0.

**Q3. Prove that  $\sqrt{2}$  is irrational.**

Assume  $\sqrt{2}$  is rational. Let  $\sqrt{2} = a/b$  where a and b are coprime.

Squaring gives  $2b^2 = a^2$ .

Thus a is divisible by 2.

Then  $b$  is also divisible by 2.  
This contradicts that  $a$  and  $b$  are coprime.  
Therefore  $\sqrt{2}$  is irrational.

**Q4. Prove that  $\sqrt{3}$  is irrational.**

Assume  $\sqrt{3} = a/b$ .  
Squaring gives  $3b^2 = a^2$ .  
Then  $a$  and  $b$  both become divisible by 3.  
This contradicts coprime condition.  
Hence  $\sqrt{3}$  is irrational.

## 4. Exercise 1.1 Answers (Important)

- $140 = 2^2 \times 5 \times 7$
- $156 = 2^2 \times 3 \times 13$
- $3825 = 3^2 \times 5^2 \times 17$
- $5005 = 5 \times 7 \times 11 \times 13$
- $7429 = 17 \times 19 \times 23$
- $\text{LCM}(26,91)=182$  and  $\text{HCF}=13$
- $\text{HCF}(12,15,21)=3$  and  $\text{LCM}=420$

## 5. Quick Revision Points

- Prime numbers have only two factors: 1 and itself.
- Composite numbers have more than two factors.
- Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic is very important for board exams.
- Irrational numbers cannot be written in  $p/q$  form.
- Decimal expansion of irrational numbers is non-terminating and non-repeating.